

# Lasting Literacy

1

Explain how the **comma** changes the meaning of the sentence below.

“Are you coming to see, Jim?”

“Are you coming to see Jim?”

1 mark

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2

Circle the word in the sentence below which makes the sentence a question.

“You shouldn’t have eaten that cake, should you?”

1 mark

3

Rewrite the sentence below so that it begins with the adverbial.  
Use only the same words, and remember to punctuate your answer correctly.

Jim sat down to eat after he had used the bathroom.

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1 mark

4

Tick the **co-ordinating conjunction** below.

because

and

when

Tick **one**.

1 mark

5

Add an apostrophe to this sentence in the correct position within the sentence below.

Jims eyes were bleary as he had not slept a wink all night.

1 mark

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**6**

Which sentence uses the **apostrophe** correctly?

The boys' bedroom was messy.

Tick **one**.

Iv'e got no idea which way to go.



The childrens' bikes were all blue.

1 mark

**7**

Circle the **prepositions** in the sentence below.

Jim rode his bike over the bridge and through the tunnel during the night.

1 mark

**8**

In the next passage, five words have been underlined.

In the table below the passage, tick one box in each row to show the **word class** of the underlined word.

The dog ran down the street and into the busy traffic. Luckily, the first car to spot the dog was a police-car and the worried policeman stopped the traffic so that the dog could be caught. Once the dog was returned to its owner, it never ran away again.

Word	Word Class				
	Pronoun	Verb	Adverb	Determiner	Noun
the					
luckily					
police-car					
returned					
its					

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9

How do the words Just before dawn function in this sentence?

Just before dawn, the vampires returned to their crypt.

as a noun phrase

Tick **one**.

as a relative clause

as a conjunction

as a fronted adverbial

1 mark